## (MAP) Session Report

Date: Apr. 10, 2024
Apr. 11, 2024 (K. Mukai)
Time: 12:48-16:42
Shot\#: 189266 - 189332 (67 shots)
Prior wall conditioning: None
Divertor pump: Off
Gas puff: $\mathrm{H}_{2}$
NBI\#(1, 2, 3, 4, 5) = gas(H, H, H, -, -)=P(3.9, 4.5, 4.3, 4.9, 3.4) MW
$\mathrm{ECH}(77 \mathrm{GHz})=\operatorname{ant}(1.5-\mathrm{Uo}, 5.5-\mathrm{U}, 2-\mathrm{OUR})=\mathrm{P}(-, 0.70,0.38) \mathrm{MW}$
ECH $(154 \mathrm{GHz})=\operatorname{ant}(2-\mathrm{OLL}, 2-\mathrm{OUL}, 2-\mathrm{OLR})=\mathrm{P}(0.71,0.89,0.98) \mathrm{MW}$
ICH(3.5U, 3.5L, 4.5U, 4.5L) = P(-, -, -, -) MW
Topics

1. Spectroscopic analysis of detached plasma (M. Goto)
2. Boron ion intensity lines for measurements of the electron temperature and density (M. Goto)

## Spectroscopic analysis of detached plasma

M. Goto and M. Kobayashi

## Experimental conditions:

( $R_{\mathrm{ax}}$, Polarity, $B_{\mathrm{t}}, \gamma, B_{\mathrm{q}}$ ) $=(3.75 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{CW}, 2.64 \mathrm{~T}, 1.2538,100 \%)$, (3.9 m, CW, 2.538 T, 1.2538, 100\%)

LID: 3000 A (6-O, 7-O, 1-O, 2-O)
\#189266- \#189323

## Motivation and method:

$>$ The Balmer series spectrum shows typical recombining plasma characteristics when plasma is detached due to strong hydrogen gas puff.
$>$ We investigate such plasmas with a spectroscopic method.

## Results:

$>$ The detachment was observed only for $R_{\mathrm{ax}}=3.9$ m configuration.
$>$ The recombining plasma formation is confirmed to be localized in the area close to the X-point.
$>$ The location of the recombining plasma formation looks to be changed depending on the LID pattern.


## Boron ion intensity lines for measurements of the electron temperature and density

## Experimental conditions:

( $R_{\mathrm{ax}}$, Polarity, $B_{\mathrm{t}}, \gamma, B_{\mathrm{q}}$ ) $=(3.6 \mathrm{~m}, \mathrm{CCW}, 2.75 \mathrm{~T}, 1.2538,100.0 \%$ ) \#189324-\#189332

## Motivation and method:

> ITER-DIM (Divertor Impurity Monitor) consider to use Boron emission lines for plasma parameter measurement.
> Boron pellet is injected and emission lines which can be used for diagnostics are looked for.

## Results:

$>$ Unfortunately, no clear boron lines were identified in the spectrum in the divertor region.
$>$ However, because many unidentified lines were observed for the spectrum of the pellet ablation cloud, we will look for boron lines in that spectrum.


