

# (TG4) Plasma instability group report



Nov. 24, 2021 (N. Kenmochi)

Date: Nov. 24, 2021

Time: 12:50 - 18:45

Shot#: 173290 – 173393 (104 shots)

Prior wall conditioning: Yes (D2)

Divertor pump: On except for 2-I

Gas puff: D2, Pellet: No

NBI#(1, 2, 3, 4, 5)=gas(D, D, D, D, D)=P(1.0, 2.0, 1.0, 6.2, 2.6)MW

ECH(77GHz)=ant(5.5-Uout (or 1.5U), 2-OUR)=P(700, 790)kW

ECH(154GHz)=ant(2-OLL, 2-OUL, 2-OLR)=P(980, 930, 990)kW

ECH(56GHz)=ant(1.5U)=P(0)kW

ICH(3.5U, 3.5L, 4.5U, 4.5L)=P(0, 0, 0, 0)MW

Neutron yield integrated over experiment =  $1.1 \times 10^{17}$

## Topics

Investigation of the effect of anisotropic plasma pressure on MHD equilibrium in the three-dimensional magnetic configuration (H. Nuga)

# Investigation of the effect of anisotropic plasma pressure on MHD equilibrium

**Shot #:** 173290-173393 (104 discharges)

H. Nuga

## Experimental conditions:

$(R_{ax}, \text{Polarity}, B_t, \gamma, B_q) = (3.6 \text{ m}, \text{CW}, 2.75 \text{ T}, 1.254, 100 \%)$

$(R_{ax}, \text{Polarity}, B_t, \gamma, B_q) = (3.6 \text{ m}, \text{CW}, 1.375 \text{ T}, 1.254, 100 \%)$

## Background and motivation:

- Ordinary MHD equilibrium assumes isotropic plasma pressure.
- NBI heating and current drive deform the plasma velocity distribution function into non-isotropic one.
- In low density high beta plasmas, anisotropic plasma pressure can not be ignored as compared to the thermal pressure.
- Aim of this exp. is taking reference data with EP measurement.

## Summary:

- Systematic dataset for analyses were taken with EP measurement.
- Due to machine the trouble, HIBP was not available.
- Density scan was performed in 5\*2 beam patterns \* 2 magnetic configuration.
- Density range in high B field is  $0.5e19 < n_e < 3e19$
- Density range in half B field is  $0.5e19 < n_e < 1.5e19$

